

# THE KENTUCKY GAZETTE.

NUMBER 530.]

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[VOLUME X.

LEXINGTON:—Printed [on WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS] by J. BRADFORD, on Main street: where Subscriptions, at Twenty-One Shilling; Per Annum. Advertisements, Articles of Intelligence, Essays, &c. are thankfully received, and Printing in general executed in a neat and correct manner.

**44 PRIVATE ENTERTAINMENT**  
FOR MAN AND HORSE,  
On Main street, next door to Doctor Downing's,  
By WILLIAM ALLEN.

**23 FOR SALE,**  
The tract of LAND on which  
I now live, lying about two miles from Lex-  
ington, near the Georgetown road, containing  
two hundred acres; it is well watered and tim-  
bered, about 50 acres cleared—the title indis-  
putable. For terms apply to the subscriber  
who now resides on the premises.  
FRANCIS DILL.  
March 24.

**17 Notice to Debtors.**  
THOSE indebted to Dr. John Watkins, are  
requested to come forward and settle their  
respective accounts, either with Dr. Ridgely,  
Mr. Andrew McCall, or the subscriber.  
I have deposited the bills in the hands of Mr.  
McCall, and having given this early notice,  
I flatter myself, that it will prove sufficient.  
But if after maturity should be found neces-  
sary, in order to enforce payment, I must have  
recourse to the rigor of the Law.  
CHARLES W. BIRD, Atto.  
in fact for John Watkins.  
Lexington, April 12, 1797. 12m

**24 For Sale,**  
THE FOLLOWING TRACTS OF LAND.  
ONE tract lying in the county of Campbell,  
on the waters of Locust creek, containing  
2099 acres. One tract, lying on Long lick  
creek, a branch of Rough creek, Hardin county,  
about seven miles from Hardin settlement, con-  
taining 2500 acres.  
The above lands will be disposed of on mode-  
rate terms; one half of the purchase money to  
be paid down, for the other a credit of twelve  
months will be given, the purchaser giving  
bond with approved security. Any person in-  
clined to purchase, may know the terms by  
applying to Capt. Robert Craddock in Danville,  
or,  
JOHN W. HOLT, Atto. in fact  
for THOS. HOLT.

**17 NOTICE.**  
ALl those indebted to the estate of William  
Parker dec. by bond, note or book ac-  
count, are earnestly requested to come forward  
and settle them; like with all those who have  
any demands against said estate, to bring them  
forward properly authenticated for settlement  
as the debts of the deceased must be immedi-  
ately paid.—No indulgence can be expected.  
Alexander Parker Adm.  
Lexington, April 12, 1797.

The managers of the Lexing-  
ton Lodge Lottery having announced to the  
public, that the drawing of that lottery will  
certainly commence the 10th June next—Ad-  
venturers in the Lexington Chance Lottery  
Insurance Lottery, will take notice, that agree-  
ably to the original charter of the drawing  
of the former, will determine the fate of the  
tickets of the latter.  
\* A few Tickets remain on hand which  
may be had on application to the  
MANAGERS.  
Lexington, May 22, 1797

**13 Strayed or stolen from the**  
subscriber, a dark brown horse, nearly sixteen  
hands high, eight years old, branded on the near  
leffleek H, had all round, shows the mark of  
gear, and had a small bell. Whoever delivers  
said horse to me in Frankfort, shall be hand-  
somerly rewarded, by  
ACHILLES NEED,  
or  
THOMAS TTEED.

April 26. 17  
WOODFORD COUNTY,  
May Court of Quarter Sessions, 1797.  
John Jackson complainant,  
AGAINST  
John Briffie defendant.  
IN CHANCERY.

The defendant not having en-  
tered his appearance and given security accord-  
ing to the act of assembly and the rules of this  
court, and it appearing to the satisfaction of  
the court, that he is not an inhabitant of this  
state; on the motion of the plaintiff by his at-  
torney, it is ordered that the said defendant,  
do appear here on the first Monday in July next,  
and answer the bill of the plaintiff; and that a  
copy of this order be forthwith inserted in the  
Kentucky Gazette for two months successively,  
and published at the door of Clear creek meet-  
ing-house, on the Sunday immediately after  
divine service, and at the front door of the  
court-house, in the town of Versailles.  
(A Copy)  
T. TURPIN, CLK.

**2 Taken up by the subscriber,**  
a bay Horse Colt, two years old last spring, one  
hind foot white, no brand perceptible—apprai-  
sed to 61.  
WM. OREAR.  
January 17, 1797.

**Blank Bonds for sale at this**  
Office.

**33 Wanted Immediately,**  
AN Honest, Industrious OVER-  
SEER, who understands the ma-  
nagement of negroes. Also an AP-  
PRENTICE to the Tanning business.  
LEWIS CASTLEMAN.

**28 A NEW STORE.**  
I HAVE just received into my care  
in the brick house, lately occupied by  
Mr. William Kelly in Bourbon, a  
large and general assortment of Dry  
Goods, Hard Ware, Groceries and  
Queen's Ware, which I am authori-  
zed to sell upon the lowest terms for  
Cash, well cleaned Hemp, Wheat,  
Rye, Tobacco, raw Hides, Furs, full  
proof Whiskey, Salt, Sugar, and good  
Flour in barrels; for which fair ad-  
vances of produce, a generous price will  
be given. I have also Iron and Nails  
left in my hands, to be sold for Cash.  
A few good Horses under seven years  
old, will be wanted.  
AMOS EDWARDS.  
Bourbon, March, 1797. 17

**29 LAST NOTICE.**  
The partnership of M'Coun  
& Castleman has been some time dissolved,  
by mutual consent, which was made known by a  
former advertisement. All persons indebted to  
them, are earnestly requested to make payment  
of their respective accounts to James M'Coun,  
before the 10th of April next. Those who do  
not avail themselves of this notice, may depend  
on having their accounts put into the hands of  
proper officers for collection, and for their indul-  
gence can be given.  
JAMES M'COUN,  
JOHN CASTLEMAN.

March 22.  
All persons for whom I loca-  
ted land, are desired to come forward and pay  
off their respective balances, in order for a di-  
vision, otherwise I shall petition the different  
courts for a division.—All all persons who have  
any demands against me for land, are desired  
to come forward, as I am ready to discharge  
the same.  
I have for sale twelve thousand acres of land,  
in Little Kentucky, and Floyd's Fork, be-  
tween eighteen and thirty miles from the Falls  
of Ohio, of a good quality, and lies level, which  
I will sell on reasonable terms for cash or ne-  
grees, and make a general warranty deed.  
B. NEBBEL AND.  
March 16, 1797.

MASON COUNTY, 1st.  
March court, 1797.  
John Blanchard Complainant  
AGAINST  
William Tels, heir at law to John Tels, and  
Thomas Carvins, defendants.  
IN CHANCERY.

THE defendant Tels, not having entered  
his appearance agreeably to an act of  
assembly and the rules of this court, and it ap-  
pearing to the satisfaction of the court that the  
defendant is not an inhabitant of this common-  
wealth, on the motion of the complainant by  
attorney, it is ordered that the defendant ap-  
pear here on the first day of next court, and  
answer the complainant's bill; and that a copy  
of this order be advertised in one of the Ken-  
tucky Gazette for two months successively—  
another posted at the court house door, of this  
court, and that this order be published at the  
door of the Baptist meeting house in Washing-  
ton, on Sunday immediately after divine ser-  
vice, or the complainant's bill will be taken  
for confessed;—It appearing to the court that  
the former order made herein, was not execu-  
ted.  
(A Copy)  
Telle  
J. MARSHALL jud. C. M. C.

**3 For Sale,**  
SIX HUNDRED ACRES OF LAND,  
OF SOIL EQUAL TO ANY IN THE WESTERN COUNTRY;  
LYING in Clarke county, on the waters of  
Stoner, near Bramble's lick, and contain-  
ing two farms, consisting of about sixty acres  
cleared with spring, gardens, orchards, mead-  
ows, necessary and convenient houses, and  
a most Excellent Mill Seat. The terms may be  
made known by applying to the subscribers, liv-  
ing on the premises, or to Mr. Garland Bullock  
in Lexington.—Immediate possession will be  
given.  
DAVID GIST.  
PATTERSON BULLOCK.  
June 2, 1797. 17

**2 Hughes and Fitzhugh,**  
HAVE for sale, at their Factory, near Ha-  
gesstown, Washington county, Maryland,  
A LARGE AND GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF  
NAILS,  
which they will dispose of on reasonable terms.  
March 20, 1797.  
Blank Deeds for sale.

**87 GEORGE ADAMS,**  
RESPECTFULLY informs his  
friends and the public in ge-  
neral, that he has opened Tavern, in  
that commodious house on Main street  
the third door below Cross street;  
where those who please to favor him  
with their custom, shall meet with ev-  
ery possible attention.

**36 FOR SALE,**  
THE FOLLOWING TRACTS OF  
LAND  
IN THIS STATE:—  
5000 acres on the waters of  
Rough creek, which empties into  
Green river.  
4000 acres on Cumberland road,  
near Pottinger's station.  
1000 acres in the big bend of Green  
river, ten miles above Barnett's sta-  
tion.  
1600 acres near Severn's valley, on  
the waters of Salt river.  
5000 acres in Shelby county, join-  
ing Leathman's settlement.  
400 acres on main Elkhorn, six miles  
from Frankfort, 45 acres cleared.

200 acres of an Illinois grant, oppo-  
site the Falls of Ohio.  
And a large body of Land in the  
big bend of Tennessee river.  
I will inform those who incline  
to purchase, that I have lately returned  
from exploring most of the above  
mentioned lands, particularly that on  
Tennessee—and find it to be a body  
of soil, timber, water and range, supe-  
rior to any I have ever seen. The  
above mentioned tract on Elkhorn,  
will be either sold or rented.—For  
terms apply to the subscriber in Lex-  
ington.

BENJ. S. COX.  
Feb. 2. 17

**2 To be Sold on low terms,**  
Three hundred acres of ex-  
cellent, and beautiful lying LAND, in Frank-  
lin county, about six miles from Frankfort, and  
one and a half miles from Sanders's mill.—about  
thirty acres cleared, and under good fence,  
three of which is well set with timothy, several  
good cabins; well watered; the land may be  
sold and the terms made known, by applying to  
M<sup>r</sup>. Thomas Giff, or the subscriber, living near  
said Land.

ROBERT PATTESON.  
Franklin county, April 29. 17

**13 FOR SALE,**  
That noted tract of LAND,  
English's Station, containing four hundred acres,  
three miles from the Crab orchard, supposed to  
be equal, if not superior to any in the district,  
for a public house; as the land is of good qual-  
ity, a great part of it would make excellent  
meadow; the range is good both winter and  
summer, and from its situation, no doubt will  
be permanent; well watered with springs; a  
good ferry, for a distillery, and Dick's river runs  
through the tract; eighty or ninety acres now  
in a good crop of corn. An indisputable title  
will be made to the purchaser. For terms ap-  
ply to the Printer heretofore, or to the subscriber  
at Madison court house.

Spencer Griffin.  
April 21. 17

**2 Three Dollars Reward.**  
Strayed from the plantation  
of Mr. Francis Downing, on Hickman, four  
miles from Lexington, on the 23d instant, a dark  
bay horse, eight or nine years old, nearly fifteen  
hands high, a blaze and flip, two hind feet white.  
Whoever will deliver the said horse to Mr. Fran-  
cis Downing, or to the subscriber, shall have the  
above reward.

George Heytel.  
Lexington, April 23. 17

**4 Warranted Building Cloths,**  
From No. 1 to No. 6, for sale at  
ANDREW HOLMES'S STORE,  
The corner of Main and Mill streets,  
Lexington.

FOR CASH OR HIDES,  
LEATHER of all kinds may be had at Mr.  
George Adams's, of me  
JOSEPH JEFFS.  
Lexington, May 24, 1797. 17

FOR SALE,  
SIX HUNDRED THOUSAND ACRES OF  
VALUABLE LAND, 65  
SITUATED in the counties of  
Franklin, Clarke, Bourbon, Ma-  
son, Madison, Lincoln, Hardin and  
Greene. The taxes shall be paid, and  
other incumbrances discharged at the  
time, and in the manner prescribed by  
law.

The subscriber, who will hereafter  
reside in this town, is authorized to  
dispose of the above mentioned prop-  
erty by a power of attorney, rec-  
orded in the office of the court of ap-  
peals. As he means to practice law in  
the adjacent counties, persons desiring  
to purchase the different tracts, will  
have an opportunity of contracting  
with him at any of those places.  
Charles W. Bird.

PROPOSALS  
For Publishing by subscription,  
A NEAT EDITION OF THE  
KENTUCKY LAWS.

IT is proposed, that this edition shall contain  
only the Laws that are of a general nature,  
and will consist of the laws lately revised, and  
to be revised; there will be no more given of  
local or private laws, than their titles and time  
of passage. From the best calculations, it will  
extend to about six hundred pages.

CONDITIONS.

I. This work will be printed in two Numbers,  
large Octavo, with a neat letter, on good pa-  
per, and bound in boards. The first Num-  
ber to contain all the laws of a General Na-  
ture already revised.  
II. The price to Subscribers will be Three  
Dollars: one half to be paid at the time of  
subscribing, and the balance on the delivery  
of the Second Number.  
III. The work will be put to press as soon as  
five hundred copies are subscribed for, and  
the first Number completed with all possible  
dispatch; the second will be delayed un-  
til the revision is finished.  
IV. If the laws do not exceed five hundred  
Pages, there will be added an appendix, con-  
taining an Abstract of the titles of a Justice  
of the Peace, taken from the most ap-  
proved Authors, with the different forms of in-  
struments in that office; as well as the most use-  
ful forms of conveyancing, &c. There will  
also be added, a copious index, whereby any  
article may be easily found by inspection;  
and the Constitution of this State and the  
United States will be prefixed.  
V. Those who subscribe for twelve copies  
shall have one extra.

As the form in which the Acts of Assembly  
have been printed, renders them not only un-  
handy to carry about, but also more liable to in-  
jury and therefore less durable; and as it is  
probable that the general laws will hereafter  
remain a considerable length of time with lit-  
tle or no alteration; it is the object of this work  
to remedy those evils, by furnishing them in a  
portable form, and of durable materials.  
JOHN BRADFORD.

At a Court of Quarter Sessions, held  
for the county of Fayette, March  
18th 1797.  
Alexander Cleveland, Complainant,  
AGAINST  
James Patton, Defendant.  
IN CHANCERY.

THE said Defendant not having entered his  
appearance agreeably to law, and the rules of  
this court—and it appearing that he is not an  
inhabitant of this state—on the motion of the  
complainant, by his counsel, it is ordered that  
the said Defendant do appear here on the second  
Monday in August next, to answer the com-  
plainant's bill; that a copy of this order be in-  
serted in the Kentucky Gazette for two months  
successively, and published at the door of the  
Presbyterian meeting-house in the town of Lex-  
ington, on some Sunday immediately after divine  
service, and a copy set up at the door of the court  
house of this county.  
(A Copy.) Telle  
LEVI TODD.

**4 STRAYED** from Lexington, about  
the 20th of April last, a small dark  
red COW, four years old this spring,  
a piece taken off the under side of  
each ear, so as to make them in the  
shape of a Fox's ears. Whoever  
will deliver said Cow to the subscriber  
at the office of the Kentucky Gazette,  
or give such information that he may  
get her, shall have a reward of Two  
Dollars.  
B. J. Bradford.  
Lexington, May 25.



# CONGRESS OF THE UNITED STATES.

## HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Monday, May 15.

This day the House of Representatives met, agreeable to the late proclamation of the President. After some time, Mr. Beckley (clerk to the late house) rose and observed that as twenty members were present, the house had formed a quorum.

Mr. W. Smith (S. C.) then proposed that the house should proceed to the choice of a Speaker. Ballots were accordingly prepared. Mr. W. Smith and Mr. Livingston were chosen tellers. The votes being collected, were as follows, viz.

Mr. Dayton	78,
Mr. Dent	1,
Mr. Baldwin	1,

The new Speaker (Mr. Dayton) then thanked the house for this renewed instance of attention and confidence. He hoped he should meet with the same uniform assistance that he had on a former occasion to enable him to go through the arduous duties of his office, and which, without support, his utmost efforts could not have maintained.

It was then proposed that the house should proceed to the choice of a clerk. The Speaker read, from the Journals of last Congress, the following rule.—“In all cases, where others than members of the house are eligible, there shall be a previous nomination.” He considered this rule as virtually in force, till the house should proceed to the choice of new rules.

Mr. W. Smith objected to the mode of nomination. He mentioned several reasons for seeing nothing binding in this rule.

Mr. Giles argued for observing it. By this means, gentlemen would have an opportunity of bringing forward what they had to say in favour of each candidate. New members, from distant parts of the Union, could not be supposed to be acquainted very well with the merits of respective candidates.

Mr. W. Smith (S. C.) and Mr. Thatcher both opposed the mode of nomination. They did not see that the house had any thing to do with the former rules. They saw no reason why gentlemen should be anxious to support it. Mr. Thatcher never knew it observed, but in the election of chaplains.

Mr. Williams was on the same side of the question.

Mr. Claiborne was perfectly clear that their should be a previous nomination.

The Speaker was then for putting the question, whether the election should be made by ballot without nomination, when Mr. W. Smith again rose, and said that the best way would be to put this question, shall the house now proceed to the election of a Clerk? He saw no use for nomination, because new members would have no time for enquiring into the merit of the respective candidates who might be named. This rendered the previous nomination of no use, there being no time to enquire about the characters of candidates.

Mr. Macon said that, last session, the house acted under this rule, in the choice of a sergeant, and other officers.

Mr. Giles observed that, by proposing a previous nomination, he did not mean to cause any delay, but only that gentlemen should have an opportunity of discussing the qualifications of the candidates, and their respective titles to confidence. However, he did not much care in what way the question of nomination went.

Mr. Thatcher saw no harm in delaying the election, even if a nomination were made, because in the mean time the former clerk was, by a standing rule, considered as clerk of the house till a choice could be made.

The house then passed in the affirmative the motion of Mr. W. Smith, and proceeded to ballot without a previous nomination.—The votes were

Jonathan Williams Condrie	41
John Beckley	40

It was then moved that Mr. Bradford should administer the oath to the Speaker; which was done accordingly. The House were then sworn by the Speaker.

The clerk was next sworn.

On motion of Mr. Williams, a message was then sent to the Senate to inform them that the house had formed a quorum, made choice of a Speaker, and were ready to proceed to business. A similar message was likewise received from the Senate.

The Sergeant at arms, Mr. Wheaton was then unanimously re-elected; as were Mr. Thomas Claxton, as door-keeper, along with his former assistant.

Mr. Sitgreaves moved that a committee should be appointed in conjunction with one from the Senate, to wait on the President and inform him that the two houses were ready to receive any communications that he might be disposed to make. Mr. Venable, Mr. Kittera, and Mr. Freeman were accordingly nominated.

Mr. Williams then made the usual motion for the members being supplied with three newspapers of this city, at the public expense. Mr. Coit moved to strike out of the motion the words, “printed in this city,” and delivered at their lodgings.

Mr. Hartley objected to the amendment, as he conceived the use of granting newspapers, was to inform their constituents of the proceedings of the house.

On a division, the amendment was negatived, ayes 27, noes 49. The original motion, was then carried.

Mr. Bradford then moved that the house should proceed to the appointment of chaplains. On a division, ayes 51; but no actual nomination took place this day.

A message then came from the Senate by their clerk, Mr. Otis, that they had appointed Messrs. Livermore and Langdon as a joint committee, with that from the House of Representatives, to wait on the President.

Mr. W. Smith next moved, that the rules and other proceedings, of the last House be adopted, till a revisional operation of the former rules should take place.

A new member would not, he said, vote for them, till he knew what they were.—He moved, that they should be read; but on explanation, he withdrew his motion, not to detain the house.

On motion that the former rules should be printed.—Ayes 54.

Mr. Sitgreaves then moved that a committee should be appointed to prepare a report on the rules. This was agreed to, and three members were appointed.

Mr. Williams then moved that a committee of elections should be chosen. The Speaker said that this motion was superseded by a standing rule of the house to the same effect. A motion was then made that a committee of election should be chosen, which was done.

The committee appointed to wait on the President now returned.

Mr. Venable reported, that he is to meet both houses to-morrow, at twelve o'clock, in the house of Representatives.

Tuesday, May 16.

Messrs. Coit, Varnum, Williams, Dent, Harrison, Hartley and Baldwin, appeared from the minutes to be the newly elected Committee of Elections.

A message from the Senate informed the House that they had appointed the Rev. Bishop White as their Chaplain, to interchange weekly with the Chaplain, to be appointed by that House.

It being near twelve o'clock, the Speaker observed, that it had been usual on similar occasions to the present, to send a message to the Senate, to inform them that the House is now ready to attend them in receiving the communication of the President, agreeably to his appointment; such a message was agreed to and sent accordingly.

Soon after the members of the Senate entered, and took the seats assigned them; and a little after twelve, the President of the United States entered and took the chair of the Speaker (which he vacated on the entrance of the Senate, the President and Clerk of the Senate being placed on the right hand of the Chair, and the Clerk on the left.) After sitting a moment, he rose, and delivered the following Speech.

(See Kentucky Gazette of Wednesday last.)

Wednesday May 17.

This day was principally occupied in Committee of the whole on an answer to the President's Speech. A committee for draughting of which was appointed.

France.

## EXECUTIVE DIRECTORY.

12 Venote, (March 2.)

The Executive Directory having consulted the law of the 9th March, '93, considering that the flags of neutral powers being no longer respected by the enemies of the French Republic, and all the rights of men being violated to their prejudice, it is no longer permitted to the French people towards those powers, in general, to obey that with which they have to often manifested, and which they will constantly entertain for the full and entire freedom of commerce and navigation,—directs, among other dispositions—

1. That ships of war and privateers may stop and bring into the ports of the republic, neutral ships, which shall be charged, in whole or in part, with merchandise belonging to the enemy.

2. That merchandise belonging to the enemy shall be declared good and lawful prizes, and confiscated to the profit of the captors.

3. That in all cases, neutral ships shall be released the moment that the merchandise seized is discharged, that the freight of it shall be paid at the rate which shall have been stipulated by the consignors; and that a just indemnity shall be granted, on account of their detention, by the tribunals competent to decide on the validity of prizes.

4. That these tribunals shall be directed besides, to send, three days after the decision, a double inventory of the merchandise to the minister of marine, and another to the minister of foreign affairs.

5. That the present law, applicable to all the captures that have been made since the declaration of war, shall cease to have effect, as soon as the enemy shall have declared non-feasible, after the declaration of the republic, the merchandise laden on board neutral ships, which shall belong to the government, or to French citizens.

Having seen the law of the 27th July, '93, which directs the foregoing law to be fully executed; having also seen the 7th article of the law of the 13th Novote, 3d year, which enjoin all the regents of the republic, to respect and observe, in all their dispositions, the treaties which unite France to the neutral powers of the continent, and to the United States of America; considering that this last law is not derogatory to the law of the 9th May '93, resolves as follows:

Art. 1. The commissaries of the Executive Directory, with the civil tribunals of the department, shall take care, that in the contests upon the validity of maritime prizes, no decision shall be founded upon the 7th article of the law of the 13th Novote, without the minister of justice having been previously consulted, conformably to the 4th article of the 8th Floreal, 4th year, relative to the treaties in virtue of which neutral persons pretend to withdraw themselves, by means of the first of these laws, from the execution of the 9th March '93.

2. The minister of justice shall examine whether the treaties still subsist, or whether they have been modified, since the conclusion of them.—There shall be furnished to them, by the minister of foreign affairs, all the documents of which they shall stand in need, and reference shall be made to the Executive Directory, as it is prescribed by the law of the 8th Floreal, 4th year.

3. The Directory remind all French citizens, that the treaty concluded on the 6th February, 1778, between France and the United States, has been of the terms of the second article, modified of full right by that which has been concluded at London, on the 10th of November 1794, between the United States of America and England: In consequence—

1. After article 17th of the treaty of London, of the 19th November '94, all merchandise of the enemy not sufficiently ascertained to be neutral, conveyed under American flags, shall

be confiscated, but the ship, on board of which such merchandise shall be found, shall be released, and given to the proprietor. The commissaries of the Directory are enjoined to accelerate by all means in their power, the decision of the contests which shall arise, either upon the validity of the captures of the cargoes, or upon freight and insurances.

2. According to the 18th article of the treaty of London, dated 19th November, 1794, relative to articles declared contraband by the 12th article of the treaty, dated February 6, 1793, are added the following:

Ship timber, oakum, pitch, and rosin, copper for heating vessels, sails, hemp, and cordage, and every thing that serves directly or indirectly, to the arming and equipping of vessels, excepting bar iron, and fir in planks. These articles shall be confiscated as often as they shall be detected, or attempted to be carried to the enemy.

3. According to the 21st article of the treaty of London, of the above date, every American who shall hold a commission from the enemies of France as well as every seaman of that nation, composing the crew of the ships and vessels, shall by this fact alone, be declared piratical; and treated as such, without suffering the party to establish that the fact was in consequence of threats or violence.

4. In pursuance of the law of the 14th February, '93, the regulations of the 21st of October '94, and of the 26th of July '78, respecting the manner of vessels and neutral merchandise, shall be complied with according to their form and end.

Every American ship shall therefore be deemed a lawful prize, which shall not have on board a bill of lading in due form, according to the plan annexed to the treaty of the 6th of February, 1778, the execution of which is enjoined by the 25th and 27th articles of that treaty.

5. The commissaries of the Executive Directory are required to carry into effect the penalties that attach on all clandestine attempts, that may be made by American or vessels belonging to any other nation, to pass as neutral, on board the vessels where the fraud is attempted to be practised, in the manner that these penalties have been repeatedly carried into effect during the present war. The penalty shall attach where the blanks of the consignments and invoices are not filled up, though signed and sealed; where the papers are in the form of letters, containing fictitious signatures; where there are double passports or policies, specifying different destinations; where consignment is made to two or more factors, and where there are different receipts, or papers of any kind which consign the whole or part of the same goods to different owners, or different destinations.

6. By this article, the provisions of the arrest of 9th Frimaire last, relative to freight, and insurance, are repealed, as far as they apply to insurance.

7. The present arrest shall be published in the bulletin of the laws. The ministers of the marine and of the colonies, of justice, and for foreign affairs, are charged with the execution of it in their respective departments.

(Signed)

REWBEL, President.  
LEGARDIS, Sec. Genl.

LONDON, March 25.

The following is a copy of the petition agreed to by the common hall on Thursday:—

“To the King's most excellent Majesty.  
“The humble address and petition of the lord mayor, aldermen and livery of London, in common hall assembled, on Thursday the 23d of March 1807.”

“May it please your majesty.

“We, your majesty's most faithful and loyal subjects, the lord mayor, aldermen and livery of the city of London, in common hall assembled, approach the throne with deep affliction, and with the most awful apprehensions from your majesty's minister persisting in measures which an accumulation of unprecedented calamities has manifestly proved unwise and destructive, immediately tending to pervert, and even to destroy the acknowledged principles of our justly boasted constitution.

“We lament that by the evil indulgences of your majesty's advisers, these nations have been plunged into



...an unparalleled in misery and de-  
struction, which has nearly ruined our  
commerce, impoverished our manu-  
factures, depopulated our country,  
ruined the public credit, and widely  
extended the most flagitious corrup-  
tion.

"We most deeply deplore that your  
majesty's ministers, abandoning the  
principles they once professed, have  
endeavored to prevent the remon-  
strances of your people, attacking the  
very vitals of our constitution, and  
depriving your subjects of liberties  
which their ancestors with so much  
energy claimed, demanded and in-  
sisted on, as their undoubted right and  
inheritance," and which it is our duty  
to transmit to posterity, pure and in-  
violate, and for the defence and pre-  
servation of which, your majesty's  
royal house was chosen, and placed  
upon the throne of these realms.

"We therefore most humbly beseech  
your majesty to disavow forever from  
your majesty's preference and councils,  
those advisers, both public and secret,  
of the measures we lament, not doubt-  
ing that, by a change of councils, such  
measures may be adopted as will suc-  
ceed in procuring the inevitable blessings  
of peace, and produce, such a system  
of economy as shall restore the public  
credit, and the happiness of your peo-  
ple.—But should your majesty any  
longer confide in such advisers, we are  
firmly convinced that they will com-  
pletely undermine that basis of national  
prosperity and happiness, the recip-  
rocal confidence of a sovereign and a  
free people, and inevitably destroy the  
boasted privileges, the internal peace,  
and the numerous blessings, that Brit-  
ons have heretofore enjoyed."

The sheriffs of London attended  
yesterday at St. James's, and waited  
for above two hours to have an inter-  
view with the king, to know when the  
address and petition for turning out his  
ministers, as carried in the common  
hall, should be brought up; when the  
duke of Portland delivered a verbal  
message, that his majesty had always  
received addresses from the city of  
London in their corporate body, and  
not by representatives; upon which,  
the gentlemen retired without going  
into the presence chamber!!!!

We had hoped, as his majesty must  
now be convinced that it is the ardent  
desire of almost all his people, that  
his present ministers should be dismis-  
sed from his councils for ever, no slight  
objection in point of form would have  
been urged to the receiving of any  
representation, coming from any body  
of his subjects, upon an event so  
nearly connected with their happiness  
and welfare.

The new loan is to be negotiated  
next week.—It is for fifteen millions  
sterling according to some persons,  
and seventeen millions according to  
others!

April 7.  
The Hamburg mail which was due  
arrived this morning.

Letters from Vienna, of the 15th  
ult. mention, that the reinforcements  
were marching both to the army of Ita-  
ly on the Rhine.

The Emperor of Russia is deter-  
mined to support the constitution of the  
Germanic Empire.

Several skirmishes had taken place  
between the advanced posts of the ar-  
mies which had in general terminated  
favorably to the Austrians.

Large Insurrection—Quelled.

Dispatches from Lord Camden, L.  
L. of Ireland, to the Duke of Portland,  
contain the agreeable information,  
that the insurrection in the northern  
parts of that kingdom, had been en-  
tirely quelled.

INTERESTING ENGLISH AFFAIRS.

BRITISH PARLIAMENT.

House of Lords, March 27.

Lord Oxford, in a maiden speech  
moved an address to his majesty for  
peace with France. The discontents of  
the country was his inducement. The  
Duke of Norfolk declared ministers  
had lost all public confidence. Earl  
Guilford supported the address. It  
was opposed by Lords Grenville, Bar-  
rington, Mowlem, Spencer, Carlisle,  
and Coventry, principally on the idea,  
that the French Directory did not wish  
for peace. The motion was negatived  
53 to 18.

March 27.

DISMISSAL OF MINISTRY.

The earl of Suffolk introduced his  
proposed motion for the dismissal of  
ministers, by condemning the system  
which they had pursued from the be-

gining of the war to the present time.  
He concluded by moving,

"That a humble address be pre-  
sented to his majesty, praying him to  
dismiss from his councils his minister  
the first Lord of the treasury, he having  
by his conduct lost the public confi-  
dence."

A long debate took place, at the  
conclusion of which the house divided,  
Against the motion 86—Proxies 18  
—104.—For the motion 15—Proxies  
2—17.—Majority 87.

PEACE—WAR.

HOUSE OF COMMONS, MARCH 29.  
Mr. Pollen rose to apprise the house  
of his intention to bring forward a  
motion, of great importance to the  
country; in doing this, he disclaimed  
the idea of embarrassing ministers or  
provoking irritation in the public  
mind.—The state of affairs required,  
in his opinion, an immediate revival  
of the negotiation for peace; and if  
the enemy refused to listen to mode-  
rate and honorable terms, he trusted  
that the house would afford a cordial  
co-operation with ministers, in a vi-  
gorous prosecution of the war. It was  
therefore his intention to move on  
Friday April 7,

"That an address be presented to  
his majesty, praying that he would be  
graciously pleased to renew the ne-  
gotiation for peace, or declare explic-  
itly his reasons for carrying on the war."

PORTSMOUTH, (N. H.) May 2.  
IMPORTANT.

Arrived, Mary Rice, in 39 days  
from Hamburg, informs, that news  
was received at that place, a few days  
previous to his leaving it, that the mis-  
understanding between the United  
States and France, was amicably set-  
tled, and that Mr. Pinckney was cer-  
tainly received and acknowledged,  
and that orders (which he saw and  
read) were issued by the Directory  
to capture no more American vessels,  
unless they had two sets of papers,  
and were carrying on a contraband  
trade. That in consequence of the  
above, insurance had fallen from  
twenty-five to only four and a half  
per cent, on American vessels bound  
to America.

NEW-YORK, May 17.

The ship Jay, Dray, arrived yester-  
day, sailed from Dublin on the fifth of  
April. We could not get the papers  
last evening.

Verbal accounts state, that Ireland  
is in the utmost consternation, on ac-  
count of the state of finances of that  
country; very little business doing;  
paper in almost total discredit; flax  
seed could not be sold; the farmers  
will not sow that others may reap.  
Government played a deep game—  
they drew 600,000 guineas from the  
bank, and then published the king's  
order!

GEORGE SANDERS,

informs the inhabitants of Lexington, and its  
vicinity, that he has erected

A New Exhibition Room

On a lot belonging to Mr. Hickey, adjoining  
Mr. Coleman's tavern, where he will perform

ON MONDAY EVENING, June 12

A variety of NEW FEATS,

Consisting of Wire Dancing, Balancing, Tumb-  
ling, and Chinese Stunts—Also will be per-  
formed, the Snake Rope Trickling, &c.

Admittance, to the front seats 3/ to the back  
seats 1/6.

Those Ladies and Gentlemen who will  
be pleased to honor the Exhibition with their  
company, are requested to attend before the  
performance begins, as after that time it will  
be inconvenient to admit any person.

COMMISSIONERS appointed by the court  
of Madison county, will meet on the third  
day of July next, on the Flat fork of John's  
fork of Licking, at the particular place men-  
tioned in an entry to the commissioners ap-  
pointed to ascertain the claims to unpatented  
lands, in the name of James Peck—then and  
there to take the depositions of witnesses, and  
perpetuate their testimony respecting the said  
entry, and do such other acts as shall be deemed  
necessary and agreeably to law.

WILLIAM FEPPER,  
Attorney for James Peck.

June 6.

To be Sold,

ON Thursday, the 29th of June, at the house  
of William Stafford, living near the pre-  
mises, that valuable tract of LAND, known by  
the name of Lee's Lick, lying in Harrison coun-  
ty, containing fifteen hundred acres. The  
terms of sale will be made known on that day  
by  
BAKER PIGMAN, and  
PETER MANSON,  
Executors of Peter Manson dec.

June 6.

LEXINGTON,

Saturday, June 10, 1797.

Died, in CHILD BED, on the 10th ult.  
in Harrison county, a young woman  
who was but near 18, and on the 15th of  
last January 11. The foregoing can be  
attested by two doctors and a num-  
ber of women, who attended her dur-  
ing the time of her labor.

The Lexington Lodge Lottery (on  
which also depends the Chances of In-  
surance for Paying the Streets) will  
commence drawing this evening at 4  
o'clock.

LOST,

ON the 3d instant, between Peyton's farm  
and May's lick, on the Lineation road,  
an old fashioned Parliament Pocket Book,  
containing two Bonds—one from Michael Ryan to  
me, for the conveyance of land, and the other  
from me to Michael Ryan, for the payment  
of money, with two receipts on the back of it.  
Any person finding the above book &c. and de-  
livering the same to the subscriber, shall be  
handsomely rewarded. All persons are there-  
fore warned from taking alignments on either of  
said bonds.

JAMES IRWIN.

June 8.

This is to forewarn all per-  
sons from dealing or trading with my wife Ro-  
sanna, on my account, as I will pay no debts of  
her contracting—the having eloped from me  
and board without any provocation.

JOSEPH S. BOUT.

June 9.

COMMISSIONERS appointed by the court  
of Washington county, will meet at John  
Middough's, from Phillips', James Glod's,  
John Simpson's, and John M. Murray's preem-  
ptions, on the Rolling fork of Salt river, on the  
tenth, eleventh and twelfth days of August  
next, in order to take the depositions of witness-  
es, to perpetuate their testimony respecting  
certain calls in their several preemptions, and  
do such other things as may be deemed neces-  
sary and agreeably to law.

JOS. OPENING,

FOR SALE,

Of the house formerly occupied by Benjamin S.  
Cox as a Store, at the corner of Main and  
Cross streets, opposite the Old Court House,  
GROCERIES and DRY GOODS adapted to  
the season; NAILS &c. WINDOW GLASS  
10 by 12 and 9 by 11; also a variety of SADD-  
LERY—Saddles of different descriptions, sad-  
dle-bags, Martingals, Bridles of every descrip-  
tion, &c. also a cask of PORT WINE.—All  
will be disposed of extremely low for CASH  
ON THE SPOT.

The Public's humble servant,

NATHAN BURKOW.

Lexington, June 7.

N. B. The subscriber has a package of SADD-  
LERY—Saddles, Saddle-bags, Bridles, &c.  
that he will dispose of on very moderate terms  
for CASH.

CORN.

To be Sold, to the highest bidder,  
FOR ready money, at the house of Mr. John  
F. Rogers, near Bryan's station, on the 14th  
inst. One Hundred and Fifty Barrels of CORN.

JEREMIAH KIRTLEY.

June 7.

Notice,

THAT commissioners appointed by  
the county court of Bourbon, under  
the act of assembly, entitled "an  
act to ascertain the boundaries of land  
and for other purposes" to take the  
depositions of witnesses to establish an  
improvement made by John Keller in

preemption of one thousand acres,  
on the Salt fork of Cooper's run, and  
also to take the depositions of witness-  
es to establish an improvement made  
by Patrick Jordan and John Keller,  
in a preemption of one thousand acres,  
on the waters of Hutton—will meet  
upon the premises on Thursday the  
20th day of June next, if fair if not  
the next fair day, for the purposes a-  
fore said, and to do such other acts as  
may be thought necessary and in con-  
formity to the said recited act.

THOMAS MCCLANAHAN,  
ROBERT CLARKE.

May 31, 1797.

Bullittsburg, opposite Northbend.

Taken up by the subscriber,

living in Campbell county, a black horse, nine  
or ten years old, about five feet high, two  
or three saddle spots, some gray hairs about  
the roots of his tail, hind all round, with corked  
feet before. The owner is requested to prove  
property, pay charges and take him away.

CAVE JOHNSON.

Kentucky, May 16.

Taken up by the subscriber, living on Eagle  
creek, Scott county, a black mare, fifteen months  
high, five years old, the brand scarcely perceiv-  
able; appraised to 131. 10s.

JAMES HENTON.

THE SUBSCRIBER

I am empowered to sell the following tracts of land  
viz.  
1443 acres, on Panther creek, Nelson county.  
2300 acres, ditto.  
47-6 acres, ditto.  
5333 acres, near the mouth of Green river,  
Hardin county.

3-325 acres, Bourbon county, on the waters of  
Big Sandy.

500 acres, ditto, on the waters of the North  
fork of Licking, and waters of Johnson's fork  
of Licking.

225 acres, Fayette county, near the dividing  
ridge between the forks of Licking, and Lick-  
ing, 2666 acres, of Continental Military lands on  
the Ohio river, and Patapa creek.

1200 acres, ditto, on the waters of Clay lick  
creek.

1000 acres, ditto, on Clay lick creek, waters  
of Cumberland the terms may be known by ap-  
plication to Mr. Samuel Ayres in Lexington,  
or Mr. Achilla Sneed in Frankfort or to the  
subscriber.

JOHN DANIEL.

NOTICE.

THAT the commissioners appointed  
by the county court of Bourbon,  
under the act of assembly entitled  
"an act to ascertain the boundaries of land  
and for other purposes" will  
meet on the 22d day of June next, if  
fair, if not, the next fair day; at an  
improvement made by John Keller,  
in a preemption of four hundred acres  
of land, on one of the W. branches on  
Licking creek, about six miles east of  
Bryan's station, then and there to  
take the depositions of witnesses, to  
establish the said improvement, and to  
do such other acts as may be thought  
necessary and in conformity to the said  
recited act.

May 20, 1797.

JOHN KEITH.

I will sell a great Bargain

IN the following tracts of LAND,  
for ready money, viz.

Eight thousand seven hundred & fifteen  
acres lying on the lower side of Heaven  
creek, a wet branch of the south fork  
of Licking, in the county of Harrison.

Five hundred and fifty acres on said  
Raven creek above.

One equal moiety of four thousand  
acres of land, lying on the waters of  
the north fork of Licking river.

Also about thirteen hundred acres  
on the waters of Eagle creek.

The whole of the above tracts of  
land are patented in the name of Wil-  
liam Walker, sen. several years have  
and no part of them have ever been  
claimed by any person holding prior  
claims to his.—The subscriber is fully  
authorized, by a power of attorney  
from the aforesaid William Walker,  
sen. to sell the said lands, and make  
deeds to the purchaser, warranting  
the same against the aforesaid Wil-  
liam Walker, sen. and his heirs. But  
if any part of the said lands should be  
lost by prior claims, then the purchase  
money, with interest, shall be returned  
for that part so lost.

WM. WALKER, JUN.

May 5, 1797.

1 AKEN up by the subscriber on the  
waters of Woodruff creek in  
Clarke county, a yellow bay horse, six  
or seven years old, about fifteen hands  
high, no brand perceivable, with a bald  
face, had on three seal corked shoes,  
some white feet appraised to twenty  
five pounds.

LEVI STEWART.

March 29.

NOTICE

I hereby give, that on the 12th of  
September the commissioners of  
Bourbon county, are to meet at the  
Brothy fork of Hington at a miller's  
place, now known by the name of the  
Shawnee lick, then and there I in-  
tend to take the depositions of my evi-  
dences to perpetuate and establish a  
certain tract of land, containing 2375  
acres, entered in the names of Wil-  
liam Myaus and Charles Morgan, as  
signee, and for other purposes, that  
shall be judged necessary and agree-  
able to law.

William Myaus.

1 AKEN up by the subscriber, near  
the head of South Elkhorn, a bay  
mare seven years old, with a fear of her  
off side, a few grey hairs in her ears,  
about fourteen and a half hands high,  
had on a small bell tied with a leather  
strap, branded IV on the near shou-  
der, and W on the off buttock, app-  
raised to 91.

Also a sorrel colt one year old, with  
a blaze face appraised to 61.

JOHN FOLKNER.





### SACRED TO THE MUSES. THE SHOE STRING.

IN days of yore, New-England chiefs,  
Content with simple things,  
Begrut their handsome square-toed shoes  
With lacing leather strings.

But British beaus, who then did wear  
The buckle in the shoe,  
Beheld our worthy fairs with scorn,  
And ridicul'd them too.

Well, British fash the buckles try'd,  
Through ev'ry eye and form;  
At last they laid them all aside,  
And fringed their shoes adorn.

Not now, indeed, the leather string,  
So ancient and so strong;  
But ribbon gay, with double bow,  
How worthy of a song!

A fashion this, so nuckle grand,  
The ocean could not bar;  
But from some vessel from that land  
Brought ev'ry one the mode from far.

This mode full form, as sure it ought,  
From town to town did fly;  
And ev'ry beau from town to town  
With this exotic string.

This fashion long has been in vogue;  
"Twill soon be laid aside;  
And what will next be introduc'd,  
No prophet can decide.

Ye modish slaves, when will ye cease  
To put the wile in pain?  
Well, change your fashions as ye please,  
It alters not *THE SHOE*.

### ANECDOTE.

Some gentlemen seeing a fellow stand still  
when it rained very fast, they asked him why he  
stood still in the rain? Why, (says he), do you  
think me such a fool as to ride in the rain as  
you do?

From a London Paper.

James Brown, boot-clo'er, eat a turkey weigh-  
ing seven pounds and a half—a hand of pork  
weighing four pounds and a half—a twopenny  
loaf—a filling's worth of eysters—two penny  
pies—and drank a gallon of porter—half a  
pint of gin—and a dish of soup of punch—for  
a wager of a guinea and performed it with ease  
in thirty-five minutes, at the Sun public house,  
Charles street, Westminster.—Ministers should  
lead this man in France without delay, if they  
have yet any hopes of reducing that country to  
famine.

**WANTED IMMEDIATELY,**  
**Two or three Apprentices**  
To the Carpenter's and Shop Joiner's  
Business: Also two or three  
Good Journeymen,  
for House work, to whom generous  
wages will be given.  
**JOHN SPANGLER,**  
Lexington, April 12, 1797.

The subscriber takes this method of informing  
the public that he occupies  
**A. FERRI.**

**ESTABLISHED** across the Ohio river, from  
the mouth of Limestone creek to where  
the said road strikes the river from Wheeling,  
where he will attend on the first and fifteenth  
of every month, for the purpose of accommo-  
dating those gentlemen who are bound to, and  
from, the Eastern States by way of Wheeling.  
He will keep a number of boats, by means of  
which he can take over any number of persons  
at the same time, and hopes thereby to give ge-  
neral satisfaction.

**JOHN TAYLOR,**  
June 11, 1797.

**FOR SALE,**  
**400 Acres of Military Land.**  
LYING in the county of Clarke, about 12  
miles from Lexington on the main road  
leading from thence to Clarke court house, ad-  
joining the land of Hubbard Taylor.—This  
land lies well, is all of the first quality, and of  
indisputable title—a deed of general warranty  
will be given. Any person inclined to see it  
will be gratified by Mr. Taylor. The terms  
may be known by applying to Mr. Joseph Cor-  
ley in Lexington, or to Capt. Michael Terrell  
on Beargrass.

**Aaron Fontaine.**  
Jefferson, March 5, 1797.  
The whole will be sold together, or di-  
vided into one, or two hundred acre lots, as  
may best suit the purchasers. A. F.

**Taken up by the subscriber,**  
of Chaplain's fork, in Mercer county, a bay  
mare, thirteen hands one inch high, six years  
old, a small fur, near hind foot white, brand-  
ed on the near shoulder with a piece, from  
a mare—apparent to 10, 10.

**Thomas Hoff.**  
May 11, 1797.

### LAND FOR SALE.

**THE SUBSCRIBER**  
HAS several tracts of Land in dif-  
ferent parts of Kentucky, for sale,  
which he will dispose of reasona-  
bly.

**JOHN CLAY.**  
Lexington, 4th August, 1796.

### FRESH GOODS.

Just received and now opened, by  
**JAMES TROTTER,**  
At his Store in Lexington,  
A large and general assortment of  
**Merchandise,**  
Which will be sold on the lowest terms for Cash  
and Country made Linen and Sugar.

**I have just imported**  
**AN ELEGANT ASSORTMENT OF**  
**BOOTS & LEGS,**  
Which I will sell low for CASH.  
**JAMES TROTTER,**  
Lexington, May 30, 1797.

**FOR SALE,**  
**The Tan-Tard, and Stock,**  
**OF WILLIAM PARKER deceased.**  
For terms apply to the subscriber in  
Lexington.  
**Alexander Parker.**

April 25, 1797.

### IRON BANK.

**FOR SALE BY THE SUBSCRIBER,**  
ONE thousand acres of Land, lying North-  
West of the Ohio, containing an extensive  
bank of excellent Ore, as the subscribers suppose  
the quality of this ore has been ascertained by  
Mr. Sangrain of Lexington, to whom any per-  
sons desiring of purchasing can apply for infor-  
mation. The above tract of land lies about  
twelve miles from the Ohio river, and about  
one mile from Little Scioto, which empties  
a few miles, hence the three islands—a stream  
supposed to be well calculated for a furnace,  
runs through the land, and has a fall of thirty  
feet at one spot, and about three quarters of a  
mile from the bank of Ore—For further par-  
ticulars apply to Mr. Alexander Parker of Lex-  
ington, or the subscribers in Washington.

**BASIL DUKE**  
**JOHN COBURN.**

April 21, 1797.

At a meeting of the Board of Trustees  
of the Transylvania Seminary, Sat-  
urday, May 27, 1797.

**RESOLVED,** that this Board do  
meet again on Saturday the tenth  
of June next, at ten o'clock A. M. and  
that notice be given, through the Ken-  
tucky Gazette, that all the Trustees  
meet on that day, as there is business  
of importance before the Board con-  
cerning Seminary Lots.

By order of the Board.  
**B. J. BRADFORD, Clerk.**

### LOTTERY.

**The Managers of the Lotte-**  
ry have deemed it proper to re-publish the fol-  
lowing

**SCHEME.**  
For raising the sum of 2500 Dollars, for the use  
of the LEXINGTON LOTTERY, No. 25.

No.	Prizes.	Dolls.	Dolls.
1	of 1500	1500	
2	—	500	1000
3	—	250	500
4	—	125	250
12	—	50	600
30	—	25	750
100	—	25	2500
170	—	15	2550
250	—	10	2500
440	—	6	2640

2 of 100 each being 1 for the  
first and 1 for the last  
drawn ticket 200

1016 Prizes 2 Not two Blanks to 2  
1984 Blanks 5 Prizes.

3000 Tickets at 5 Dollars. 15,000  
The Prizes subject to a deduction of fif-  
teen per cent.—Prizes to be paid by the man-  
agers, twenty days after the lottery is drawn. A  
credit of one half of any number of tickets ex-  
ceeding twenty, shall be given until the Lot-  
tery shall have finished drawing. Prizes drawn  
and not called for within eighteen months af-  
ter the Lottery is finished drawing, will be con-  
sidered as a donation made to the Lexington  
Lottery.

The drawings of the Lottery will be publish-  
ed in the Kentucky papers, regularly, showing  
the Blanks and Prizes.—The preparation for  
drawing the Lottery are going on, and will  
certainly commence the 10th day of June next.  
A few tickets remain on hand, which may  
be had by applying to

**JAMES MORRISON,** **ALEX. McGRASS,**  
**ELM. BULLOCK,** **HUGH McLEARN,**  
**ROBERT MCGOWAN,** **OR**  
**WILLIAM MURRAY,** **JOHN TOWLER.**  
Managers appointed by law.

May 11, 1797.  
**Notes Recd.** Those who have been entrusted  
with Tickets to sell, are desired to settle, and  
account therefor, on or before the first day of  
June next.

### TO BE LET.

**FOR** the term of three years, the  
Plantation I formerly lived on, sit-  
uate in the county of Mercer and in  
Chaplain's fork (between widow Har-  
binton's and Thomas Harbinton's) on  
the road leading from the Knob lick  
to Baird-town—near sixty acres well  
cleared, fifteen of which are fer with  
timothy grass, four acres of an apple  
and peach orchard, with necessary  
buildings, and an excellent spring—  
for terms apply to Samuel Ewing esq.  
living near the premises.  
**JOHN**  
**W. M. BRYERS.**

### THE SUBSCRIBER

**THE** *perfectly acquainted with manufacturing Goods*  
in all its different branches, is determined to  
engage extensively in that business; he will therefore  
give the highest prices for good well cleaned HEMP  
and FARK, and generous wages to all such *JOHN*  
*REYNOLDS* who may be able to come well recom-  
mended for their fidelity and industry. He would  
also wish to take a number of boys from twelve to fif-  
teen years of age, as *APPRENTICES* to the said  
business, who shall be well clothed and comfortably  
boarded in the family of Mr. Dodge the manager,  
who has some forward highly recommended in terms  
of character, and perfectly well acquainted with the  
management of a rope walk, and whom the subscrib-  
er has taken into partnership. As this species of  
manufacture will probably be continued and greatly ex-  
tended in the western country, and as it is a good and  
decent employment, it is hoped that many will be in-  
duced to be instructed in it, as well as a branch of busi-  
ness.

**THOMAS HART.**  
March 18, 1797.

### NOTICE.

**WHEREAS** the partnership of Alexander  
and James Parker being dissolved (by the  
death of James) the executors of the deceased,  
consent to request all those indebted to the firm,  
by bond, note or bank account, to come  
forward immediately and settle their respective  
balances; likewise all those who have any de-  
mands against said firm, to bring them forward  
immediately, for settlement, as the debts of the  
deceased must be immediately paid and the partnership  
settled.—No indulgence can be expected.

**ALEX. PARKER,**  
**JOHN COBURN,**  
**JOHN BRADFORD,**  
Lexington, April 12, 1797.

### Wanted Immediately.

**A NUMBER OF HANDS TO CONDUCT BOATS TO THE**  
**MOUTH OF OHIO.**  
To whom generous wages will be given.  
Apply to the subscriber in Lexington.  
**ANDREW HOLMES.**

April 13, 1797.

### NOTICE.

**The partnership of CHARLES**  
**HUMPHREYS & Co.** was dissolved on the 1st inst.  
All persons indebted to said firm are requested to  
make immediate payment—and those who have  
any demands are requested to call on the subscrib-  
er for payment, in whole hands the books &c.  
are placed.

**ANDREW HOLMES.**  
April 16, 1797.

**THE** members of  
the LEXINGTON  
No. 25, are  
requested to be pres-  
ent in their attend-  
ance at their Lodge  
Room, on Saturday  
the 24th inst. pre-  
cisely at 10 o'clock

**A. M.** being the Anniversary of St John the  
Baptist.

By order of the Master,  
**THOS. RODLEY, Sec.**

### TO BE SOLD.

**BY PUBLIC AUCTION.**  
**N. WESTPORT,** in Shelby county, at the  
junction of Ohio and Eighteen mile creek,  
by the Trustees; a proportionate number of  
LOTS in every part of said town, at the  
following times and places, (viz.) On the pre-  
mises, on Thursday, the 3d of August next, if  
fair, if not on the next fair day; at Baird-town,  
on the 8th, if being court day, and at Frankfort,  
on the 15th, it being court day. Twelve  
months credit will be given, the purchasers giv-  
ing bond with approved security.—The terms  
will be more fully made known at the day of  
sale.

By order of the Trustees,  
**JOHN ALLEN, CLK.**

June 1, 1797.  
**N. B.** The subscribers purpose to privilege  
the purchasers of LOTS in WESTPORT, to make  
payment for the same in certain species of pro-  
perty which will be hereafter to be sold, at its  
valuation in current money, in the month of  
April and May next. The road leading from  
Frankfort to Westport, will be opened in a short  
time, and continued on to the Illinois country.  
The road from Shelbyville to Westport has been  
opened for some time.

**JOS. DUPUY,**  
**H. BOWMAR.**

**ALL** persons indebted to the subscriber, are  
sincerely requested to come forward and  
pay off all accounts before the first of July  
next; and all those who have any demands, are  
requested to bring in their accounts to  
**JAMES JEFFS,**  
who may be found applying at Mr.  
Bradford's Printing Office.  
Lexington, June 2.

### THE SUBSCRIBERS.

**HAVE** just received and are now opening at  
their Store in Lexington, a large and gen-  
eral assortment of

### MERCHANDISE.

**WHICH** they will sell low for Cash. HEMP  
and FARK, and generous wages to all such  
Tallow and Tar; all which they will give the  
highest price for, at their Store in Lexington  
Cynthiana, E. Winters's Mills at the mouth of  
Tate's Creek, or any Ware House on the Ken-  
tucky River.

**MOODY & DOWNING**  
December 19, 1796.

### THAT BEAUTIFUL HORSE CALLED

**Nebuchadnezzar,**

A Full half Dray, will stand at my  
stable, at the sign of the Indian  
King, on main street, Lexington; he  
is a beautiful black, mixed with a little  
gray, four years old, about sixteen  
hands one inch high; his father was a  
full Dray of the largest size (who was  
imported by General Williams, Balti-  
more) his dam a full blooded import-  
ed English mare.

Nebuchadnezzar will stand at five  
dollars the season, payable in mer-  
chantable produce, delivered in Lex-  
ington. Any gentleman who may  
choose to send naves any distance,  
may have putture at three shillings  
per week during the season, but I will  
not be liable for escapes or accidents.  
**G. ADAMS.**

March 1, 1797.

### STRAYED OR STOLEN.

**FROM** the subscriber, on the 25th  
of March, one mare and two hor-  
ses. A reward of two dollars for each  
and reasonable charges will be allow-  
ed to whoever will deliver them in  
Millersburg.—The mare is a bright  
bay color, has neither brand or mark,  
is about 7 years old, and above 15  
hands high, trots remarkably well  
and was lately shod round. One  
horse is the same age and size, brown  
bay, branded on the shoulder with the  
left hind foot swelled, and a small  
white mark in the forehead. The  
other horse is smaller, brown bay five  
years old, slender made, branded on  
the shoulder with a heart, and has re-  
markable long ears.

**J. SAVARY.**  
Millersburg, Hingson's fork.

**NOTICE,** to those whom it may  
concern.—That whereas I have  
purchased of Richard Chinnoweth of  
Jefferson county, an arbitration bond  
on Col. Wm. Fleming of Virginia, and  
have given him in exchange, my due-  
bill for fifty six pounds in merchan-  
dise, but have been credibly infor-  
med, that there is a deception in  
the bond, this is to forewarn any per-  
son from trading for, or taking an as-  
signment on the said due-bill, as I am  
determined not to discharge it until I  
hear to the contrary.

**JOHN CLAY.**

North Carolina, 2 March Term, 1797.  
Margan District, 5 Courts of Equity.  
Between Philip Hootensyl and John McDowell  
Complainants,  
Against David Dickey, Defendant.

IT appearing, to the satisfaction of the court,  
that the defendant relies on this state;  
therefore ordered, that the said defendant David  
Dickey, appear and put in his answer next term,  
to wit: September term, 1797; or that the bill  
be taken *pro confesso* against him, and heard as  
aforesaid; and that this order be published three  
weeks successively in the Lexington Gazette, in  
the state of Kentucky.  
(Copy of the minutes). Teste,  
**J. SPENCER, C. & N. E.**

### Three Hundred Dollars Reward.

**WHEREAS** certain Christopher F. Powell,  
failed from Boston on or about the 27th  
of October last in the ship Union, with a va-  
luable cargo, bound to Baltimore, but went off  
to the west Indies, where he sold the vessel and  
cargo. On or about the first inst. he was ap-  
prehended (as a suspicious character) in this town,  
and examined before several magistrates in this town,  
for the want of sufficient proof to detain him in  
his custody, he was discharged.

The fact by the said Powell is a villain, and  
is attempting to defraud many persons to the  
amount of 25,000 dollars.

He left this town about the 10th inst. he rode  
in a chair, painted green, drawn by a gray mare,  
and went on the Newbern road, but on this side  
Trenton, took the road to Fayetteville, and  
most probably is passing through the back part of  
the state into the western countries.

He had when he left this town, upwards of  
2000 dollars in gold, and about 7000 dollars in  
bank notes.

Parrell is a small man, about thirty years of  
age, much pecked, has long black hair,  
remarkable small eyes, and has a down look  
when spoken to.

Whoever will recure the said Parrell, and the  
money he has, and give information to  
Brigadier Williams esq. of Baltimore, John Hogg  
Esq. at Hillsborough, to Mr. A. Joslin of this  
town, or to the subscriber who is in pursuit of  
the villain, shall receive the above reward.  
**ABNER CRAFT,**  
Williamsburg, Va. C. & N. E. April 26, 1797.